

CLAIMS:

1. A biological suspension processing system comprising:

a suspension treatment device for treating one or  
5 more components of a biological suspension;

a first fluid flow path communicating with the  
treatment device for introducing a suspension into the  
treatment device;

a second fluid flow path communicating with the  
10 treatment device for withdrawing a constituent of the  
suspension from the treatment device; and

at least one microelectromechanical sensor  
communicating with one of said fluid flow paths for  
sensing a selected characteristic of the fluid within the  
15 flow path.

2. The system of claim 1 in which a sensor senses one  
or more characteristics selected from the group  
consisting of flow rate, pH, cell type, cell  
20 antigenicity, cell concentration, cell count, viscosity,  
cholesterol, hematocrit, DNA, viral or bacterial  
presence, pathogen presence, and partial pressure of a  
selected gas.

3. The system of claim 1 in which a sensor communicates  
with the first fluid flow path and generates a signal  
responsive to one or more selected characteristic of the  
fluid in the first fluid flow path, the suspension  
treatment device including a controller adapted to  
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receive the sensor signal and to control the treatment device in response thereto.

4. The system of claim 1 in which a sensor communicates  
5 with said second fluid flow path and generates a signal responsive to a selected characteristic of the fluid in the second fluid flow path, the suspension treatment device including a controller adapted to receive the sensor signal and to control the treatment device in  
10 response thereto.

5. The system of claim 1 in which the sensor is adapted to sense the selected characteristic a plurality of times at discrete intervals.

15 6. The system of claim 5 in which the sensor generates a signal responsive to a selected characteristic of the fluid in the flow path, the suspension treatment device including a controller adapted to receive the sensor  
20 signal and to control the treatment device in response thereto.

7. The system of claim 6 in which sensor communicates with the second fluid flow path and senses the  
25 approximate quantity or concentration of a selected cell.

8. The system of claim 1 further comprising a container communicating with the second fluid flow path for receiving the withdrawn constituent, the system being  
30 adapted to provide tracking information for associating

with the container the particular characteristic sensed by at least one sensor.

9. The system of claim 8 in which the system comprises machine readable or human readable data storage media carried by the container, the data storage media storing information regarding the particular characteristic sensed by at least one sensor.

10. The system of claim 9 in which the data storage media comprises a bar code label on the container.

11. The system of claim 9 in which the data storage media comprises an electronic data storage device.

12. The system of claim 11 in which the electronic data storage device has a non-volatile semiconductor memory.

13. The system of claim 9 in which the data storage media comprises at least one icon carried by the container and representative of the sensed characteristic.

14. The system of claim 9 in which the suspension includes one or more blood components and the blood component withdrawn is a cellular component, and the container is for storing the cellular component withdrawn, and the data storage media includes data regarding the type, quality, purity, quantity or

concentration of the cellular blood component in the container.

15. The system of claim 1 in which the at least one  
5 sensor includes a first sensor communicating with the  
first fluid flow path and a second sensor communicating  
with the second flow path and the treatment device  
comprises an apheresis device and the suspension  
comprises whole blood, the first sensor sensing platelets  
10 to determine a platelet count in the suspension  
introduced into the apheresis device and the second  
sensor sensing platelets to determine a platelet count in  
the second flow path, wherein the system includes a  
container communicating with the second flow path for  
15 storing blood platelets withdrawn, and the system further  
comprises machine readable or human readable data storage  
media carried by the container, the data storage media  
storing information regarding platelet count sensed by  
one or both of said sensors.

20 16. The system of claim 1 in which a sensor communicates  
with said second fluid flow path, and said system  
includes a container for storing the constituent  
withdrawn, the sensor generating a signal responsive to  
25 a characteristic of the constituent withdrawn, and the  
system includes a data recording device for receiving the  
signal and recording data regarding the sensed  
characteristic of the constituent withdrawn.

17. The system of claim 16 in which the data recording device comprises a printer for printing a report of the characteristic sensed.

5 18. The system of claim 17 in which the report is in machine readable graphic format.

10 19. The system of claim 16 wherein the container carries a machine readable electronic data storage device, and in which the data recording device is adapted to transfer data regarding the selected characteristic sensed by the sensor to the electronic data storage device.

15 20. The system of claim 19 in which the electronic storage device comprises a non-volatile semiconductor memory.

20 21. A disposable plastic blood component storage container defining an interior compartment for receiving a blood component, and at least one microelectromechanical sensor carried by the container and communicating with the compartment for sensing a selected characteristic of the blood component received therein.

25 22. The container of claim 21 in which the sensor is adapted to sense bacterial presence or pH in the blood component just before it is administered to a patient.

23. The container of claim 21 in which the sensor includes write once, read many times data storage, and is adapted to be read by an automated reading device.

5 24. A blood processing system for providing a characterized blood constituent product, the system comprising:

an apheresis device for separating one or more desired cellular blood constituents from a suspension  
10 comprising whole blood;

a first fluid flow path communicating with the apheresis device for introducing a suspension comprising whole blood into the device;

15 a second fluid flow path communicating with the apheresis device for withdrawing at least one desired cellular blood constituent from the device;

a container communicating with the second fluid flow path for receiving the blood constituent withdrawn from the apheresis device;

20 machine readable or human readable data storage media carried by the container;

at least one microelectromechanical sensor communicating with the first fluid flow path for sensing at least one characteristic of the whole blood and for  
25 generating at least one electrical signal responsive to said sensing;

at least one microelectromechanical sensor communicating with the second flow path for sensing the quantity of cellular blood constituent withdrawn from the

apheresis device and for generating an electrical signal responsive to said sensing;

a data recorder adapted to receive the electrical signals from the sensors and to record data regarding the sensed characteristics on the data storage media, whereby  
5 a user may readily identify the sensed characteristic regarding the whole blood and the quantity of the desired cellular constituent in the container.

10 25. The system of claim 24 including a sensor communicating with the second fluid flow path for sensing the quantity of a non-desired biologic constituent in the flow path and generating an electrical signal responsive to the amount, the data recorder being adapted to receive  
15 such signal and record data regarding the quantity of non-desired cellular constituent in the data storage media for access by a user of the product in the container.

20 26. The system of claim 25 in which the non-desired biologic component is a viral constituent.

27. The system of claim 25 in which the non-desired biologic component is a cellular constituent.

25 28. The system of claim 27 wherein the desired cellular blood constituent is platelets or red cells and wherein the non-desired cellular constituent is white cells.

29. The system of claim 24 further comprising a controller adapted to receive the signals from the sensors communicating with the first and second fluid flow paths and to control the apheresis device in response to one or more of such signals to provide a desired cellular blood constituent product characterized by data recorded in the data storage media in accordance with characteristics sensed by the sensors.

30. The system of claim 29 in which the desired cellular blood constituent is platelets, red cells, stem cells or white cells.

31. The system of claim 24 in which the data storage media comprises machine readable graphics carried on the container.

32. The system of claim 31 in which the machine readable graphics comprises a bar code.

33. The system of claim 24 in which the first fluid flow path communicates with the vascular system of a human donor, and the system includes means for generating a human-readable report for the donor containing selected data regarding one or more of the sensed characteristics.

34. A biological suspension processing system comprising:

a blood treatment device for treating one or more components of a biological suspension;



a human subject;

a first fluid flow path communicating with the vascular system of the human subject and the treatment device for introducing blood from the human subject into the treatment device;

a second fluid flow path communicating with the treatment device for withdrawing a constituent of the blood from the treatment device;

a third fluid flow path communicating with the treatment device from withdrawing another constituent of the blood from the treatment device; and

at least one microelectromechanical sensor communicating with one of said fluid flow paths for sensing a selected characteristic of the fluid within the flow path.

35. The system of claim 34 in which the sensor generates a signal responsive to one or more selected characteristic of the fluid in one of the fluid flow path, the suspension treatment device including a controller adapted to receive the sensor signal and to control the treatment device in response thereto.

36. The system of claim 35 in which the third fluid flow path communicates with the human subject, the treatment device is adapted to add anticoagulant to the blood in the first fluid flow path, the selected characteristic includes the hematocrit of blood in the first fluid flow path, and the controller controls the addition of anticoagulant into the first fluid flow path.

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37. The system of claim 35 in which the controller controls the treatment device in response to the signal to avoid one or more deleterious consequences to the human subject.

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38. The system of claim 35 in which the controller controls the treatment device in response to the signal to withdraw a constituent of desired quality.

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39. The system of claim 35 in which the controller controls the treatment device in response to the signal to withdraw a constituent of desired quantity.

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40. The system of claim 35 in which the control controls the treatment device in response to the signal to withdraw a constituent that is depleted of an undesired component.

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41. The system of claim 40 in which the undesired component is white cells.

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42. The system of claim 35 in which the controller controls the treatment device in response to the signal to withdraw a desired constituent.

43. The system of claim 42 in which the desired constituent is platelets.

44. The system of claim 42 in which the desired constituent is red cells or plasma.

45. The system of claim 35 in which the sensor senses  
5 platelets and the controller controls the treatment  
device to withdraw a selected minimum quantity of  
platelets.